TSL8329M: Dual channel 2.0 – 4.2 GHz 20Watt Receiver Front End

1.0 Features

Tagore Technology

Integrated dual-channel RF front end

2-stage LNA and GaN SPDT switch On-chip bias and matching Single-supply operation

- Gain @ 3.6GHz: 32dB (High Gain mode) @ 3.6GHz: 13dB (Low Gain mode)
- NF @ 3.6GHz: 1.0dB (High Gain mode) @ 3.6GHz: 0.9dB (Low Gain mode)
- OP1dB@ 3.6GHz: 20dBm (High Gain mode) @ 3.6GHz: 10.5dBm (Low Gain mode)
- Operating frequency: 2.0 to 4.2GHz
- High Isolation: RXOUT-CHA & RXOUT-CHB: 40 dB typical
- TERM-CHA and TERM-CHB: 55 dB typical
- Insertion loss @ 3600MHz: 0.45dB (TX mode)
- High power handling at TCASE = 105°C Full lifetime
- LTE average power (9 dB PAR): 43 dBm
- High OIP3 (high gain mode): 35 dBm typical
- High gain mode current: 90 mA typical at 5 V
- Low gain mode current: 45 mA typical at 5 V
- Power-down mode current: 5 mA typical at 5 V Positive logic control
- $6 \text{ mm} \times 6 \text{ mm}, 40\text{-lead LFCSP}$

2.0 Applications

- 4G/5G Infrastructure Radios
- Small Cells and Cellular Repeaters
- Phase Array Radar
- SDARS



Figure 1.1 Device Image (40 Pin 6×6×0.85mm QFN Package)



RoHS/REACH/Halogen Free Compliance

3.0 Description

The TSL8329M is a dual-channel, integrated RF, front-end, multichip module designed for different applications. The device operates from 2.0 GHz to 4.2GHz. The TSL8329M is configured in dual channels with a cascading, two-stage, LNA and a high GaN based SPDT switch.

In high gain mode, the cascaded two-stage LNA and switch offer a low noise figure of 1 dB and a high gain of 32 dB at 3.6 GHz with an output third-order intercept point (OIP3) of 35 dBm (typical) at high gain mode. In low gain mode, one stage of the two-stage LNA is in bypass, providing 13 dB of gain at a lower current of 45 mA. In power-down mode, the LNAs are turned off and the device draws 5 mA. In transmit operation, when RF inputs are connected to a termination pin (TERM-CHA or TERM-CHB), the switch provides low insertion loss of 0.45 dB at 3.6GHz and handles long-term evolution (LTE) average power (9 dB peak to average ratio (PAR)) of 43 dBm for full lifetime operation.

The device comes in an RoHS compliant, compact, 6 mm \times 6 mm, 40-lead LFCSP.





4.0 Ordering Information

Base Part Number	Package Type	Form	Qty	Reel Diameter	Reel Width	Orderable Part Number
TSL8329M	40 Pin 6×6×0.85m m QFN	Tape & Reel	3000	13" (330mm)	18mm	TSL8329MMTRPBF
Tuned Evaluation Board, 3300 - 4000MHz				TSL8329M-EVB-A		
Tuned Evaluation Board, 2900 - 3300MHz			TSL8329M-EVB-B			
	Tuned Ev	aluation Board,	2000 - 40	000MHz		TSL8329M-EVB-C

5.0 Pin Description

Table 5.1 Pin Definition

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1, 2, 7, 9 to 11, 15, 16,		
21, 23, 28, 30, 35, 36,	GND	Ground
40		
4	NOT GND	Internally used. Don't make it GND. Left unconnected.
		RF Input to Channel A. The ANT-CHA pin is ac-coupled to 0
3	ANT-CHA	V and matched to 50 Ω . Matching and a dc blocking
		capacitor are not required.
5	SWCTRL-CHAB	Control Voltage for Switches on Channel A and Channel B.
6	SWVDD-CHAB	Supply Voltage for Switches on Channel A and Channel B.
		RF Input to Channel B. The ANT-CHB pin is ac-coupled to 0
8	ANT-CHB	V and matched to 50 Ω . Matching and a dc blocking
		capacitor are not required.
		Termination Output for Channel B. The TERM-CHB pin is
12	TEDM CUD	the transmitter path for Channel B. The TERM-CHB pin is
12	IEKWI-CHD	ac-coupled to 0 V and matched to 50 Ω . No matching and dc
		blocking capacitor required.
13, 14, 18, 19, 25, 32,	NIC	Not Internally Connected. It is recommended to connect NIC
33, 37, 38	NIC	to the RF ground of the PCB.
17	VDD1-CHB	Vdd1 supplied through an external choke inductor
20	VDD2-CHB	Vdd2 supplied through an external choke inductor
		Receiver Output. The RXOUT -CHB pin is the receiver path
22	DVOUT CUD	for Channel B. The RXOUT -CHB pin is ac matched to 50Ω .
	КЛООТ-СПВ	No matching component is required. A dc blocking capacitor
		is required.
24	BP-CHB	Bypass Second Stage LNA of Channel B.
26		Power-Down All Stages of LNA for Channel A and Channel
20	rD-CIIAD	В.
27	BP-CHA	Bypass Second Stage LNA of Channel A.
		Receiver Output. The RXOUT-CHA pin is the receiver path
20	PYOUT CUA	for Channel A. The RXOUT-CHA pin is ac matched to 50 Ω .
29	KAOUT-CHA	No matching component is required. A dc blocking capacitor
		is required.
34	VDD1-CHA	Vdd1 supplied through an external choke inductor
31	VDD2-CHA	Vdd2 supplied through an external choke inductor
		Termination Output for Channel A. The TERM-CHA pin is
20	TEDM CUA	the transmitter path for Channel A. The TERM-CHA pin is
39	IEKNI-CHA	ac-coupled to 0 V and matched to 50 Ω . No matching and dc
		blocking capacitor required
Destars Dess	D = 1-11 = /01== =	DC and RF Ground. Also provides thermal relief. Multiple
rackage base	radule/Slug	vias are recommended

Note: [1] The backside ground slug of the device must be grounded directly to the ground plane through multiple vias to ensure proper operation. Adequate heat sinking required.

6.0 Absolute Maximum Rating

Table 6.1 Absolute Maximum Rating @T_A=+25°C Unless Otherwise Specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Electrical Rat	tings		
Supply voltage, VDD1-CHA, VDD1-CHB, VDD2-CHA, VDD2-CHB and SWVDD-CHAB	\mathbf{V}_{dd}	+5.5	V
RF input power Transmit Input Power (AVG, LTE with 8dB PAR,) Receive Input Power (LTE Peak, 8 dB PAR)	RF _{IN}	43 25	dBm dBm
Digital Control Input Voltage SWCTRL-CHAB, BP-CHA, BP-CHB, and PD-CHAB		1.8 to 5.5	V
Digital Control Input Current SWCTRL-CHAB, BP-CHA, BP-CHB, and PD-CHAB		0.2	mA
Storage Temperature Range	T _{st}	-55 to +150	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T _{op}	-40 to +105	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	τ _J	170	°C
Thermal Rat	ings		
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-case) – Bottom side	$R_{ heta JC}$	15.0	°C/W
Soldering Temperature	T _{SOLD}	260	°C
ESD Rating	gs		
Human Body Model (HBM)	Level 1B	500 to <1000	V
Charged Device Model (CDM)	Level C	≥1000	V
Moisture Ra	ting		
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL	1	-

Attention:

Maximum ratings are absolute ratings. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Exceeding one or a combination of the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent and irreversible damage to the device and/or to surrounding circuit.

7.0 Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Table 7.1 Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Drain Voltages	VDD1-CHA, VDD1-CHB		+5.0		V
Drain voltages	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \bedin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \begin{tabular}{ c c } \hline \be$		v		
Durain Bias Cumunta	I _{DQ1} , Set by external drain feed		45		
Drain Blas Currents	I _{DQ2} , Set by external drain feed		90		mА
Switch Supply	SWVDD-CHAB		+5		V
Switch Control Voltages	SWCTRL-CHAB, BP-CHA, BP-CHB, PD-CHAB	0		+5.5	V
RF Input Power	PD-CHAB = 5 V, BP-CHA = BP-CHB = 0 V. 8 dB PAR LTE full lifetime average			43	dBm
At ANT-CHA, ANT-CHB	PD-CHAB = 0 V, BP-CHA = BP-CHB = 0 V, 8 dB PAR LTE full lifetime average			31	dBm
	PD-CHAB = 0 V, BP-CHA = BP-CHB = 5 ,8 dB PAR LTE full lifetime average,			43	dBm
DIGITAL INPUT SWCTRL-CHAB, PD-CHAB Low (VIL) High (VIH) BP-CHA, BP-CHB Low (VIL) High (VIH)		0 0.9 0 0.9		0.2 Vdd 0.2 Vdd	v
DIGITAL INPUT CURRENTS SWCTRL-CHAB PD-CHAB BP-CHA, BP-CHB	SWCTRL-CHAB, PD-CHAB, BP-CHA, BP-CHB = 5 V per channel			<7.5 200 100	μΑ
Switch control max current				7.5	μA
Operating Temperature Range	T _{op}	-40	+25	+105	°C

8.0 RF Electrical Specifications for EVBs

VDD1-CHA, VDD1-CHB, VDD2-CHA, VDD2-CHB, and SWVDD-CHAB = 5 V, SWCTRL-CHAB = 0 V or SWVDD-CHAB, BP-CHA = VDD1-CHA or 0 V, BP-CHB = VDD1-CHB or 0 V, PD-CHAB = 0 V or VDD1-CHA, TCASE = 25° C, and 50Ω system, unless otherwise noted.

Table 8.1 3300 – 4000MHz EVB A

Parameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operational frequency Range		3.3 G	3.6G	4.0G	Hz
Coin	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		32		dB
Galli	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		13		dB
Noise Figure (De-	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1		dB
embedded)	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		0.9		dB
EVD Noice Eleves	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.4		dB
EVB Noise Figure	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)	Minimum Typical Maximum 3.3 G 3.6 G 4.0 G gain) 32	dB		
In most Distance I and	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)	Minimum Typical Maximum 3.3 G 3.6 G 4.0 G gain) 32 36 G gain) 13 32 gain) 13 32 gain) 11 32 gain) 0.9 31 gain) 1.4 31 gain) 1.4 31 gain) 1.3 31 gain) 1.3 31 gain) 10 31 gain) 10 31 gain) 20 31 gain) 20 31 gain) 20 31 gain) 35 31 gain) 32 31 gain) 90 32 gain) 90 32 gain) 45 32 OFF) 5 32 GHz 0.45 32 40 32	dB		
Input Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)			dB	
Ordered Determ Lance	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)	igh gain) 1 ow gain) 0.9 igh gain) 1.4 ow gain) 1.3 igh gain) 10 ow gain) 5 igh gain) 11 ow gain) 9 igh gain) 11 ow gain) 9 igh gain) 10.5 (High Tone 35 ow gain) 18 igh gain) 90 ow gain) 45 As OFF) 5	dB		
Output Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		dBm		
	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		20		dBm
OPIdB	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)	on Bypass on (Low gain) 10.5			dBm
OPIdB OIP3	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)0dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz		35		dBm
	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) -2dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz		18		dBm
	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		90		
Current, Id	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		45		mA
	PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		5		
Insertion Loss	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.45		dB
Channel to Channel Isolation Between RXOUT -CHA & RXOUT -CHB	At 3.6GHz Receive operation		40		dB
Between TERM-CHA AND TERM-CHB	Transmit operation		55		dB
SWITCH ISOLATION ANT-CHA to TERM-CHA and ANT-CHB to TERM- CHB	Transmit operation, PD- CHAB=0 V		25		dB

TSL8329M

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (tON, tOFF)	50% control voltage to 90%, 10% of RXOUT -CHA or RXOUT -CHB in receive operation	400	ns
	50% control voltage to 90%,	400	
	CHB in transmit operation	400	

Table 8.2 2900 – 33000MHz EVB B

Parameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operational frequency Range		2.9 G	3.1G	3.3 G	Hz
Coin	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)	t ConditionMinimumTypicalMaximumI2.9 G3.1G3.3 G $2.9 G$ 3.1G3.3 G $2.9 G$ 3.1G3.3 G $38-35$ $38-35$ $2000000000000000000000000000000000000$		dB	
Gain	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		dB		
Noise Figure (De-	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		0.9-1		dB
embedded)	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		0.9-1		dB
EVD Noice Eigure	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)	Minimum Typical Maximum 2.9 G 3.1 G 3.3 G ligh gain) $38-35$	dB		
EVB Noise Figure	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		dB		
Legent Determ Lago	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		9-9.5		dB
Input Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)	Minimum Typical Maximum 2.9 G 3.1G 3.3 G igh gain) 38-35 3.3 G ow gain) 15-13.5 3.3 G igh gain) 0.9-1 $0.9-1$ ow gain) 0.9-1 3.3 G igh gain) 0.9-1 $0.9-1$ igh gain) 0.9-1 $0.9-1$ igh gain) 1.4-1.3 $0.9-5$ ow gain) 9-9.5 $0.9-9.5$ ow gain) 9-10 $0.9-10$ ligh gain) 11-17 $0.9-10$ ow gain) 10-11 $0.9-10$ igh gain) 17-18 0.90 ow gain ow gain) 10-11 0.90 ow gain (High , Tone , 200 m) 25-20 0.90 ow gain Spacing 25-20 0.90 ow gain JAS OFF) 5 0.45 om gain on 35 0.45 om gain on 55 0.90 om gain on 55 0.90 om gain <td></td> <td>dB</td>		dB	
Ordened Defense Lance	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		11-17		dB
Output Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		4-5.4		dBm
	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)	High gain)17-18Low gain)10-11Ef (High)1000000000000000000000000000000000000			dBm
OPIdB	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)				dBm
OIP3	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)0dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz		32.5-30		dBm
	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) -2dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz		25-20		dBm
	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		90		
Current, Id	PIP3 Spacing 1MHz LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) -2dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz LNAs on Bypass off (High gain) LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) PD - 1 ON (D + 1 LNA+ OFF)		45		mA
	PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		5		
Insertion Loss	Transmit operation at 3.1 GHz		0.45		dB
Channel to Channel Isolation Between RXOUT -CHA & RXOUT -CHB	At 3.1GHz Receive operation		35		dB
Between TERM-CHA AND TERM-CHB	Transmit operation		55		dB
SWITCH ISOLATION ANT-CHA to TERM-CHA and ANT-CHB to TERM- CHB	Transmit operation, PD-CHAB = 0 V		30		dB

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (tON, tOFF)	50% control voltage to 90%, 10% of RXOUT -CHA or RXOUT -CHB in receive operation	400	ns
	50% control voltage to 90%,	100	
	10% of TERM-CHA or TERM-	400	
	CHB in transmit operation		

Table 8.3 2000 – 4000MHz EVB C

Parameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operational frequency Range		2.0 G	3.0G	4.0 G	Hz
Coin	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		37-29		dB
Gain	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)	on Minimum Typical Maximum 2.0 G 3.0 G 4.0 G (High gain) $37-29$ (Low gain) $18-12$ (Low gain) $0.7-1.2$ (Low gain) $0.7-1.2$ (High gain) $0.7-1.2$ (Low gain) $0.7-1.2$ (High gain) $0.7-1.2$ (Low gain) $0.7-1.2$ (High gain) $0.7-1.2$ (Low gain) $0.7-1.2$ (Low gain) $1.1-1.6$ (Low gain) $1.1-1.6$ (Low gain) $1.2-7.3$ (Low gain) $4.2-7.3$ (Low gain) $4.2-7.3$ (Low gain) $3-24$ (High gain) 20.5 (Low gain) $7-12$ (Low gain) $7-12$ $7-12$ $7-12$ ff (High e, Tone e	dB		
Noise Figure (De-	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		0.7-1.2	h	dB
embedded)	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		0.7-1.2		dB
EVD Noise Figure	Test ConditionMinimumTypical2.0 G3.0GLNAs on Bypass off (High gain)37-29LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)18-12LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)0.7-1.2LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)0.7-1.2LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)1.1-1.6LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)1.1-1.6LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)1.1-1.6LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)4.2-7.3LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)4.2-7.3LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)3-24LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)3-24LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)20.5LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)7-12LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)7-12LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)18.5-20.5LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)7-12LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)7-12LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)17-21LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)90LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)45PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)5Transmit operation35Transmit operation55		dB		
EVD Noise Figure	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)	Minimum Typical Maximum 2.0 G 3.0G 4.0 G gain) 37-29		dB	
Input Datum Loga	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		7.3-3.3		dB
input Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)	Minimum Typical Maximum 2.0 G $3.0G$ $4.0 G$ iin) $37-29$ iin) $0.7-1.2$ iin) $1.1-1.6$ iin) $1.1-1.6$ iin) $4.2-7.3$ iin) $4.2-7.3$ iin) $4.2-7.3$ iin) $4.2-7.3$ iin) $7-12$ iin) $7-12$ iin) 90 iin) 90 iin) 90 iin) 90	dB		
Outrout Deturn Less	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)	VinimumTypicalMaximum2.0 G $3.0G$ $4.0 G$ again) $37-29$ gain) $0.7-1.2$ gain) $0.7-1.2$ gain) $0.7-1.2$ gain) $0.7-1.2$ gain) $1.1-1.6$ gain) $1.1-1.6$ gain) $1.1-1.6$ gain) $4.2-7.3$ gain) $4.2.7.3$ again) $4.2.7.3$ again) $3-24$ again) $3-24$ again) 3.24 again) $3.1-35$ gain) 7.12 igh one $31-35$ gain) 90 gain) 45 OFF) 5 GHz 0.45 AB = 30	dB		
Output Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		dBm		
OP1dB	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		18.5- 20.5		dBm
	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) 7-12 LNAs on Bypass off (High 7-12			dBm	
Output Return Loss OP1dB OIP3 Current, Id	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)0dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz		31-35		dBm
	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) -2dBm per tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz 17-21		dBm		
	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		90		
Current, Id	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		45		mA
	PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)	NAL on Bypass on (Low gain) 0.7 ± 2.5 NA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) $18-12$ NAs on Bypass off (High gain) $0.7-1.2$ NA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) $0.7-1.2$ NAs on Bypass off (High gain) $1.1-1.6$ NA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) $1.1-1.6$ NA1 on Bypass off (High gain) $7.3-3.3$ NA1 on Bypass off (High gain) $4.2-7.3$ NAs on Bypass off (High gain) $4.2-7.3$ NAs on Bypass off (High gain) $3-24$ NAs on Bypass off (High gain) $3-24$ NAs on Bypass off (High gain) 7.12 LNAs on Bypass off (High gain) $17-21$ LNAs on Bypass off (High gain) 90 NA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) 45 D mode ON (Both LNAs OFF) 5 Transmit operation at 3.0 GHz 0.45 At 3.0GHz 35 Transmit operation 55 ansmit operation, PD-CHAB = 0 V 30			
Insertion Loss	Transmit operation at 3.0 GHz		0.45		dB
Channel to Channel Isolation Between RXOUT -CHA & RXOUT -CHB	At 3.0GHz Receive operation		35		dB
Between TERM-CHA AND TERM-CHB	Transmit operation		55		dB
SWITCH ISOLATION	Transmit operation, PD-CHAB = $0 V$		30		dB

ANT-CHA to TERM-CHA and ANT-CHB to TERM- CHB			
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (tON, tOFF)	50% control voltage to 90%, 10% of RXOUT -CHA or RXOUT -CHB in receive operation	400	ns
	50% control voltage to 90%, 10% of TERM-CHA or TERM- CHB in transmit operation	400	

9.0 Typical performance characteristics







Figure 9.1.4 S22(ORL) vs Freq



Figure 9.1.6 Channel to channel isolation vs Freq

Figure 9.1.7 NF(De-embedded) vs Freq



9.2 Receive Operation, HIGH GAIN Mode 3.3-4.0GHz tuned EVB -40°C,25°C,85°C,105 °C











Figure 9.2.4 S22(ORL) vs Freq



Figure 9.2.5 Mu1 vs Freq









Figure 9.2.7 OIP3dBm vs Freq



Figure 9.2.8 OP1dBm vs Freq



9.3 Transmit Operation 3.3-4.0GHz tuned EVB -40°C,25°C,85°C,105 °C



3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 4.0 4.1 freq, GHz

Figure 9.3.5 ANT to TERM isolation vs Freq, LNA on

-45--50--55-

10.0 Evaluation Boards

10.1 3300- 4000MHz EVB A-Schematic



Figure 10.1 Schematic of the 3300 - 4000MHz EVB A

Table 10.1 DOWI of the 3500 - 4000MHZ EVD A							
Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty			
R1, R2, R4, R8, R9, R10	0Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X	6			
R3, R7	150Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	2			
R5, R6	15Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	2			
L1, L2, L3, L4	3.9nH	Coil craft/ Wurth Electronics	0402HP-3N9XGRW/ 744916039	4			
C22, C26	6.8pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	2			
C19, C20, C21, C25	1.5nF	Murata	04025C152JAT2A	4			
C23, C24, C28, C30	220pF	Kemet	C0402C221K5GACAUTO	4			
C27, C29	0.2pF	Murata	GJM1555C1HR20BB01D	2			
C2, C4, C6, C8, C10, C12, C14, C16, C18	100pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	9			
C1, C3, C5, C7, C9, C11, C13, C15, C17	100nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	9			
РСВ		Rogers RO4350B, 2	0 mils, 1 oz copper	1			

Table 10.1 BON	I of the 3300 -	4000MHz EVB	A
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10.2 3300- 4000MHz EVB A-EVB Layout



Figure 10.2 EVB Layout of the 3300 - 4000MHz EVB A

10.3 2900- 3300MHz EVB B-Schematic



Figure 10.3 Schematic of the 2900 - 3300MHz EVB B

Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty	
R1, R2, R4, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12	0Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X	6	
R3, R7	150Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	2	
R5, R6	15Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	2	
	1.0	Coil craft/	0603HP-1N8XJLW/	2	
L2, L3	1.001	Wurth Electronics	744761018A	Z	
	5.6nH	Coil craft/	0402HP-5N6XGRW/	2	
L1, L4		Wurth Electronics	744916056		
C27, C28	6.8pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	2	
C19, C20, C21, C25	1.5nF	Murata	04025C152JAT2A	4	
C23, C24	2pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H2R0BB01D	2	
C2, C4, C6, C8, C10,					
C12, C14, C16, C18,	100pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	9	
C22, C26					
C1, C3, C5, C7, C9,	100nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	Q	
C11, C13, C15, C17	100111	IDK	C1005X/RIII04R050BE	,	
PCB	Rogers RO4350B, 20 mils, 1 oz copper				



10.4 2900- 3300MHz EVB B-EVB Layout



Figure 10.4 EVB Layout of the 2900 - 3300MHz EVB B

10.5 2000- 4000MHz EVB C-Schematic



Figure 10.5 Schematic of the 2000 - 4000MHz EVB C

Table 10.5 BOM of the 2000 -	• 4000MHz EVB	C
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Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty
R1, R2, R4, R8, R9, R10, R11, R12	0Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X	8
R3, R7	150Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	2
R5, R6	15Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	2
L1, L2, L3, L4	8.2nH	Coil craft/ Wurth Electronics	0402HP-8N2XGRW/ 744916082	2
C27, C28	6.8pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	2
C19, C20, C21, C25, C29, C30	1.5nF	Murata	04025C152JAT2A	6
C23, C24	220pF	Murata	C0402C221K5GACAUTO	2
C2, C4, C6, C8, C10, C12, C14, C16, C18, C22, C26	100pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	11
C1, C3, C5, C7, C9, C11, C13, C15, C17	100nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	9
PCB	Rogers RO4350B, 20 mils, 1 oz copper			1

10.6 2000- 4000MHz EVB C-EVB Layout



Figure 10.6 EVB Layout of the 2000 - 4000MHz EVB C $\,$

10.7 EVB TEST Details

nel B
nel B
and B

Table 10.7 RF-DC Connector details

All the connectors and headers' names are given in the EVB layout figure [Figure no 10.2/10.4]

Table 10.8 Truth Table: Switch control

SWCTRL-CHAB	Signal Path Select		
	Transmit Operation	Receive Operation	
Low	Off	On	
High	On	Off	

Table 10.9 Truth Table: Receive Operation

Receive Operation	PD-CHAB	BP-CHA BP-CHB	Signal Path
High Gain Mode	Low	Low	ANT-CHA to RXOUT-
Low Gain Mode	Low	High	CHA, ANT-CHB to
Power-Down High Isolation Mode	High	Low	RXOUT-CHB
Power-Down Low Isolation Mode	High	High	

10.7.1 TEST PROCEDURE

Biasing sequence

To bias up the TSL8329M-EVB-A for Channel A, perform the following steps:

- 1. Ground the GND or GND1 test point.
- 2. Bias up SWVDD-CHAB=5V test points.
- 3. Bias up the SWCTRL-CHAB test point.
- 4. Bias up the VDD-CHA test point.
- 5. Bias up the BP-CHA test points.
- 6. Bias up the PD-CHAB test point.
- 7. Apply an RF input signal.

The TSL8329-EVB-A is shipped fully assembled and tested. Figure 10.7.1 provides a basic test setup diagram to evaluate the s-parameters in RX mode to get Channel-A performance (receive gain, transmit insertion loss and isolation, RF input and output return losses) using a network analyzer. Perform the following steps to complete the test setup and verify the operation of the TSL8329-EVB-A:

- 1. Connect the GND test point to the ground terminal of the power supply.
- 2. Connect the VDD-CHA and SWVDD-CHAB test points to the voltage output terminal of the 5 V supply that sources a current of approximately 90 mA in receive operation for high gain mode or 5 mA for power-down mode.
- 3. Connect the BP-CHA, BP-CHB, PD-CHAB, and SWCTRL-CHAB test points to the ground terminal of the power supply for high gain receive operation. The TSL8329-EVB-A can be configured in different modes by connecting the control test points to 5 V or ground, as shown in Table 10.3 and Table 10.4.
- 4. Connect a calibrated network analyzer to the ANT-CHA, TERM-CHA, and RXOUT-CHA SMA connectors. Sweep frequency from 1 GHz to 6 GHz and set power to -25 dBm.
- 5. Connect 50 Ω loads to the ANT-CHB, TERM-CHB, and RXOUT-CHB SMA connectors.
- 6. The TSL8329-EVB-A is expected to have a high and low receive gain of 32dB and 13dB respectively, at 3.6 GHz. See the expected results in Figure 9.2.1 to Figure 9.1.1.

Additional test equipment is needed to fully evaluate the device's functions and performance.

For noise figure evaluation, use either a noise figure analyzer or a spectrum analyzer with noise option. The use of a low excess noise ratio (ENR) noise source is recommended.

For third-order intercept point evaluation, use two signal generators and a spectrum analyzer. A high isolation power combiner is recommended.

For power compression and power handling evaluations, use a two-channel power meter and a signal generator. A power amplifier with great enough power is recommended at the input. Test accessories such as couplers and attenuators must have enough power handling.

The TSL8329-EVB-A comes with a support plate attached to the bottom side. To ensure maximum heat dissipation and to reduce thermal rise on the TSL8329-EVB-A during high power evaluations, this support plate must be attached to a heat sink using thermal grease.

Note that the measurements performed at the SMA connectors of the TSL8329-EVB-A include the losses of the SMA connectors and the PCB. The through line must be measured to calibrate out the TSL8329-EVB-A effects. The through line is the summation of an RF input line and an RF output line that are connected to the device and equal in length.



RX mode test set up:

For RX HG for Channel A apply

- SWVDD-CHAB=5V
- SWCTRL-CHAB=0V
- VDD-CHA =5V
- BP-CHA =0V
- PD-CHAB =0V

• Do not apply any voltage on VDD-CHB,BP-CHB pins If you change BP-CHA=0V to 5V **LG mode** will on If you change PD-CHAB=0V to 5V then **PD mode** will on

For RX HG for Channel B apply

- SWVDD-CHAB=5V
- SWCTRL-CHAB=0V
- VDD-CHB =5V
- BP-CHB =0V
- PD-CHAB =0V

• Do not apply any voltage on VDD-CHA,BP-CHA pins If you change BP-CHB=0V to 5V LG mode will on If you change PD-CHAB=0V to 5V then PD mode will on

For TX mode for Channel A/B apply

- SWVDD-CHAB=5V
- SWCTRL-CHAB=5V
- Do not apply any voltages on VDD-CHA,VDD-CHB, BP-CHA.BP-CHB and PD-CHAB pins

Figure 10.7.1 TEST Set Up Diagram for RX-mode

11.0 Device Package Information



Figure 11.1 Device Package Drawing (All dimensions are in mm)

Table 11.1 Device Package Dimensions

Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance	Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance
		(mm)			(mm)
А	0.85	±0.05	Е	6.00 BSC	±0.05
A1	0.203	±0.02	E1	4.65	±0.06
b	0.25	+0.05/-0.07	F	0.625	±0.05
D	6.00 BSC	±0.05	G	0.625	±0.05
D1	4.65	±0.06	L	0.40	±0.05
e	0.50 BSC	±0.05	K	0.275	±0.05

Note: Lead finish: Pure Sn without underlayer; Thickness: $7.5\mu m \sim 20\mu m$ (Typical $10\mu m \sim 12\mu m$)

Attention:

Please refer to application notes *TN-001* and *TN-003* at http://www.tagoretech.com for PCB and soldering related guidelines.



12.0 PCB Land Design

Guidelines:

- [1] 4-layer PCB is recommended.
- [2] Via diameter is recommended to be 0.3mm to prevent solder wicking inside the vias.
- [3] Thermal vias shall be placed on the center pad and should be filled/plugged with solder or copper.
- [4] The maximum via number for the center pad is $9(X) \times 9(Y) = 81$.



Figure 12.3 Thermal Via Pattern

(Recommended Values: S≥0.15mm; Y≥0.20mm; d=0.3mm; Plating Thickness t=25µm or 50µm)

13.0 PCB Stencil Design

Guidelines:

- [1] Laser-cut, stainless steel stencil is recommended with electro-polished trapezoidal walls to improve the paste release.
- [2] Stencil thickness is recommended to be 125µm.



Figure 13.1 Stencil Openings (Dimensions are in mm)





14.0 Tape and Reel Information





Table 14:1 Tape and Reel Dimensions						
Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance	Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance	
		(mm)			(mm)	
A0	6.35	±0.10	K0	1.10	±0.10	
B0	6.35	±0.10	PO	4.00	±0.10	
D0	1.50	+0.10/-0.00	P1	8.00	±0.10	
D1	1.50	+0.10/-0.00	P2	2.00	±0.05	
Е	1.75	±0.10	Т	0.30	±0.05	
F	5.50	±0.05	W	12.00	±0.30	

Table 14.1 Tape and Reel Dimensions



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