

TSL8029N: Single channel 2 – 5 GHz 100-Watt Receiver Front End for MACRO base station

1.0 Features

Integrated single-channel RF front end

2-stage LNA and GaN SPDT switch On-chip bias and matching Single-supply operation

- Gain @ 3.6 GHz: 33 dB [High Gain mode]
 - @ 3.6 GHz: 14.5 dB [Low Gain mode]
- NF @ 3.6 GHz: 1.4 dB [High Gain mode]
 - @ 3.6 GHz: 1.3 dB [Low Gain mode]
- OP1dB @ 3.6 GHz: 22 dBm [High Gain mode]
 - @ 3.6 GHz: 12 dBm [Low Gain mode]
- Operating frequency: 2 to 5 GHz
- Insertion loss @ 3600 MHz: 0.5 dB [TX mode]
- Switch isolation @ 3.6 GHz: 18 dB [RX HG mode]
- RX isolation @ 3.6 GHz: 53 dB [PD=BP=0 V]
 - @ 3.6 GHz: 42 dB [PD=BP=5 V]
 - @ 3.6 GHz: 38 dB [PD=0 V & BP=5 V]
 - @ 3.6GHz: 45 dB [PD=5 V & BP=0 V]
- High power handling at TCASE = 105°C Full lifetime
- LTE average power [8 dB PAR]: 50 dBm
- High OIP3 [high gain mode]: 31 dBm typical
- High gain mode current: 90 mA typical at 5 V
- Low gain mode current: 45 mA typical at 5 V
- Power-down mode current: 4 mA typical at 5 V Positive logic control
- 5 mm x 5 mm x 0.85 mm, 32-lead QFN

2.0 Applications

- 4G/5G Infrastructure Radios, Macro base station
- Small Cells and Cellular Repeaters
- Phase Array Radar
- SDARS



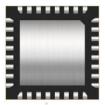


Figure 1.1 Device Image (5 mm × 5 mm x 0.85 mm, 32-lead QFN)



RoHS/REACH/Halogen Free Compliance



3.0 Description

The TSL8029N is a single-channel, integrated RF, frontend, multichip module designed for different applications. The device operates from 2 GHz to 5 GHz. The TSL8029N is configured with a cascading, twostage, GaAs LNA and a GaN based SPDT switch.

In high gain mode, the cascaded two-stage LNA and switch offer a low noise figure of 1.3 dB and a high gain of 33 dB at 3.6 GHz with an output third-order intercept point (OIP3) of 33 dBm (typical) at high gain mode. In low gain mode, one stage of the two-stage LNA is in bypass, providing 14.5 dB of gain at a lower current of 50 mA. In power-down mode, the LNAs are turned off and the device draws 4 mA.

In transmit operation, when RF inputs are connected to a termination pin (TX), the switch provides low insertion loss of 0.5 dB at 3.6GHz and handles long-term evolution (LTE) average power (8 dB peak to average ratio (PAR)) of 50 dBm for full lifetime operation.

5 mm × 5 mm, 32-lead QFN.

The device comes in an RoHS compliant, compact,

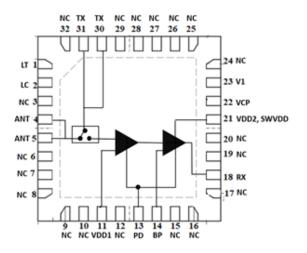


Figure 3.1 Function Block Diagram (Top View)

4.0 Ordering Information

Table 4.1 Ordering Information

Base Part Number	Package Type	Form	Qty	Reel Diameter	Reel Width	Orderable Part Number
TSL8029N	32 Pin 5 × 5 × 0.85 mm QFN	Tape & Reel	3000	13" (330 mm)	18 mm	TSL8029NMTRPBF
	Tuned Evaluation Board, 2300-2700 MHz					
	Tuned Evalua	tion Board, 3300)-4200 MI	Hz [HG only]		TSL8029N-EVB-B
	Tuned Evaluation Board, 3300-4200 MHz					
Tuned Evaluation Board, 3300-3800 MHz [HG only]					TSL8029N-EVB-D	
Tuned Evaluation Board, 2900-3300 MHz					TSL8029N-EVB-E	



5.0 Pin Description

Table 5.1 Pin Definition

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1,2	LT, LC	Tuning inductor
3,6,7,8, 9,10,12,15,16,17,19,20, 24,25,26,27,28,29, and 32	NC	Not Internally Connected. It is recommended to connect NIC to the RF ground of the PCB.
4,5	ANT	RF Input. The ANT pin is ac-coupled to 0 V and matched to 50 Ω. Matching and a dc blocking capacitor are not required.
11	VDD1	Vdd1 supplied through an external choke inductor
13	PD	Bypass Second Stage LNA.
14	BP	Power-Down All Stages of LNA
18	RX	Receiver Output. The RX pin is the receiver path for the channel. The RX pin is ac matched to 50 Ω. No matching component is required. A dc blocking capacitor is required.
21	VDD2_ SWVDD	VDD2_SWVDD supplied voltage through an external choke inductor to LNAs and it connected with Supply Voltage for Switch also.
22	VCP	Internal charge pump voltage output. Connect a 1nF capacitor to GND on this pin to improve switching time
23	V1	Control Voltage for Switch.
30,31	TX	Termination Output. The TX pin is the transmitter path. The TX pin is ac-coupled to 0 V and matched to 50 Ω. No matching and dc blocking capacitor is required.
Package Base	Paddle/Slug	DC and RF Ground. Also provides thermal relief. Multiple vias are recommended

Note: [1] The backside ground slug of the device must be grounded directly to the ground plane through multiple vias to ensure proper operation. Adequate heatsink required.



6.0 Absolute Maximum Rating

Table 6.1 Absolute Maximum Rating @T_A=+25°C Unless Otherwise Specified

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit					
Electrical Ratings								
Supply voltage, VDD1, VDD2, SWVDD	V _{dd}	+5.5	V					
RF input power								
Transmit Input Power (LTE Peak, 8 dB PAR)	RFIN	58	dBm					
Receive Input Power (LTE Peak, 8 dB PAR)		25	dBm					
Digital Control Input Voltage		2.6 to 5.5	V					
V1, BP and PD		2.0 10 5.5	V					
Digital Control Input Current		0.2	mA					
V1, BP and PD		0.2	IIIA					
Storage Temperature Range	T _{st}	-55 to +150	°C					
Operating Temperature Range	Top	-40 to +105	°C					
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	170	°C					
Thermal Rat	ings							
Thermal Resistance (junction-to-case) – Bottom side	R _{eJC}	15.0	°C/W					
Soldering Temperature	Tsold	260	°C					
ESD Ratin	gs							
Human Body Model (HBM)	Level 1B	500 to <1000	V					
Charged Device Model (CDM)	Level C	≥1000	V					
Moisture Ra	ting							
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL	1	-					

Attention:

Maximum ratings are absolute ratings. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Exceeding one or a combination of the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent and irreversible damage to the device and/or to surrounding circuit.



7.0 Recommended DC Operating Conditions

Table 7.1 Recommended Operating Conditions @TA=+25°C Unless Otherwise Specified

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Drain Voltages	VDD1		+5.0		V
Dialii voltages	VDD2		+5.0		, v
Drain Bias Currents	I _{DQ1} , Set by external drain feed		50		mA
Diain bias Currents	I _{DQ2} , Set by external drain feed		90		ША
Switch Supply	SWVDD		+5		V
Switch Control Voltages	V1, BP and PD	-0.3		+5.5	V
	V1 = 5 V, PD = 5 V, BP = 0 V, 8 dB PAR LTE full lifetime average		50		dBm
RF Input Power in Tx mode At ANT	V1 = 5 V, PD = 0 V, BP = 0 V, 8 dB PAR LTE full lifetime average			TBD	dBm
	V1 = 5 V, PD = 0 V, BP = 5 V, 8 dB PAR LTE full lifetime			TDB	dBm
Digital Inputs	V1, PD Low (VIL) High (VIH) BP	-0.3 2.6		0.5 Vdd	V
	Low (VIL) High (VIH)	0 2.6		0.5 Vdd	
Digital lagus Comparts	V1 [=5 V]			<7.5	
Digital Input Currents	PD [=5 V]			200	μΑ
	BP [=5 V]			100	
Switch control max current				7.5	μΑ
Operating Temperature Range	T _{op}	-40	+25	+105	°C

Table 7.2 Truth Table: Switch control

V1(Switch control)	Signal Path Select		
	Transmit Operation	Receive Operation	
Low	Off	On	
High	On	Off	

Table 7.3 Truth Table: Receive Operation

Receive Operation	PD	BP	Signal Path
High Gain Mode	Low	Low	
Low Gain Mode	Low	High	ANT to RX
Power-Down Mode [LNA is on HG]	High	Low	
Power-Down Mode [LNA is on LG]	High	High	



8.0 RF Electrical Specifications for EVBs

VDD1, VDD2_SWVDD = 5 V, BP=0 V/ 5 V and PD=0 V TCASE = 25°C, and 50 Ω system, unless otherwise noted.

Table 8.1 2300 - 2700 MHz EVB A

P	arameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operati	onal frequency		2.3		2.7	GHz
	Gain	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		34		dB
	Gain	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		14-14.5		dB
	(De-	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1		dB
Noise	embedded)	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		1		dB
Figure		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.2		dB
	[SMA-SMA]	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		1.2		dB
I4	Det Lean	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -9.3		dB
Input	Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		< -8.5		dB
Outro	t Datum Laga	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -8.4		dB
Outpu	t Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		< -4		dBm
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		20-21		dBm
	OP1dB	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		14-16		dBm
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)				
		0 dBm/tone, Tone Spacing 1		29.5-31.5		dBm
	OIP3	MHz				
	OIF 3	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain) -				
		2 dBm per tone, Tone Spacing		23-30		dBm
		1 MHz				
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		93		
С	urrent, Id	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		55		mA
		PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		4		
Insertion	[SMA-SMA]	Transmit operation		0.7-0.9		dB
Loss	[De-embedded]	Transmit operation		0.5-0.7		dB
Switch	Isolation in RX mode	PD=BP=V1=0 V		>25		dB



Table 8.2 3300 - 4200 MHz EVB B [HG only]

F	Parameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Opera	tional frequency		3.3		4.2	GHz
	Gain	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		29.5-32.4		dB
Noise	(De-embedded)	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.3-1.4		dB
Figure	[SMA-SMA]	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.5-1.6		dB
Inpu	t Return Loss	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -10.5		dB
Outp	ut Return Loss	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -7.5		dB
	OP1dB	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		19-21		dBm
	OIP3	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain) 0dBm/tone, Tone Spacing 1MHz		31-37		dBm
	Current, Id	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		93		mA
`	Janent, ia	PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		4-5		111/3
Insertior	[SMA-SMA]	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.7		dB
Loss	[De- embedded]	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.5		dB
Switch	Isolation in RX	PD=BP=V1=0 V		>19.7		dB



Table 8.3 3300 - 4200 MHz EVB C

P	arameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operati	onal frequency		3.3		4.2	GHz
	Coin	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		29.5-32.4		dB
	Gain	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		12.5-14		dB
	(De-	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.4		dB
Noise	embedded)	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		1.3		dB
Figure		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.6		dB
	[SMA-SMA]	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		1.5		dB
	Deturn Lees	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -10.5		dB
Input	Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		< -13		dB
0.1	1 D - 1 1	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -7		dB
Outpu	t Return Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		< -7		dBm
	004 ID	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		19-21		dBm
	OP1dB	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		11-12.5		dBm
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)				
		0 dBm/tone, Tone Spacing		31-37		dBm
	OIP3	1 MHz				
	OIF3	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)				
		-2 dBm/tone, Tone Spacing		20-22		dBm
		1 MHz				
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		93		
С	urrent, Id	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		55		mA
		PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		4		
Insertion	[SMA-SMA]	Transmit operation		0.7-0.75		dB
Loss	[De-embedded]	Transmit operation		0.4-0.5		dB
Switch	Isolation in RX mode	PD=BP=V1=0 V		>18.5		dB



Table 8.4 3300 - 3800 MHz EVB D [HG only]

Pa	arameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operati	onal frequency		3.3		3.8	GHz
	Gain	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		30.5-31		dB
Noise	(De-embedded)	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.2-1.3		dB
Figure	[SMA-SMA]	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.4-1.5		dB
Input	Return Loss	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -17		dB
Outpu	t Return Loss	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -16		dB
	OP1dB	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		20-22		dBm
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)				
	OIP3	-2 dBm/tone, Tone Spacing		29-34		dBm
		1 MHz				
C	urrent, Id	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		108		mA
	dirent, id	PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		4-5		ША
Insertion	[SMA-SMA]	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.7		dB
Loss	[De-embedded]	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.4		dB
Switch	Isolation in RX	PD=BP=V1=0 V		>25.7		dB



Table 8.5 2900 - 3300 MHz EVB E

P	arameter	Test Condition	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Operati	onal frequency		2.9		3.3	GHz
	Gain	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		31-33		dB
	Gairi	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		13.5-13.8		dB
	(De-	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.2-1.3		dB
Noise	embedded)	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		1.2-1.3		dB
Figure	[SMA-SMA]	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		1.4-1.5		dB
	[SWA-SWA]	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		1.4-1.5		dB
Input	Return Loss	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -10.5		dB
Imput	Netuin Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		< -11.2		dB
Outou	t Return Loss	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		< -10.2		dB
Outpu	it Netuiii Loss	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		< -6		dBm
	OP1dB	LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		20-21		dBm
	OF IUB	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		12-13.5		dBm
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		30.5-32		dBm
		0 dBm/tone, Tone Spacing 1 MHz		30.3-32		abiii
	OIP3	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)				
		-1 dBm/tone, Tone Spacing		22-30		dBm
		1 MHz				
		LNAs on Bypass off (High gain)		90		
С	urrent, Id	LNA1 on Bypass on (Low gain)		50		mA
		PD mode ON (Both LNAs OFF)		4		
Insertion	[SMA-SMA]	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.7-0.8		dB
Loss	[De-embedded]	Transmit operation at 3.6 GHz		0.4-0.5		dB
Switch	Isolation in RX mode	PD=BP=V1=0 V		>19		dB



Table 8.6 TX Switching Speed

Parameter	Test Condition	Switching time[ns]	Mode
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS	50% control voltage[V1] to 90%, 10% of RX_out in receive operation (Tx to Rx)	1200 ns	TX/RX
(tON, tOFF)	50% control voltage[V1] to 90%, 10% of TX_out in transmit operation (Rx to Tx)	1200 ns	mode

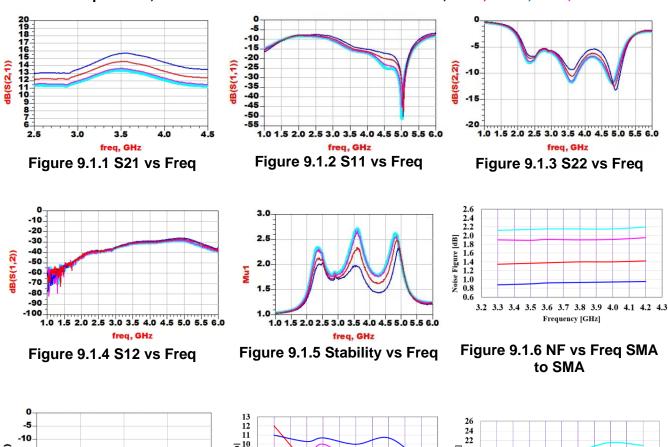
Table 8.7 RX Switching Speed

Pin toggle	State		Switching time[ns]	Mode	DC Condition
BP	LG to HG		200 ns	RX mode	VDD2_SWVDD=5 V, V1=5 V, VDD1=5 V,
DF	HG to LG		450 ns	1X IIIOGE	PD=0 V
	Low	On to Off	360 ns	RX-LG	VDD2_SWVDD=5 V, V1=5 V, VDD1=5 V,
PD	Gain	Off to on	450 ns	mode	PD=0 V & BP=0 V
''	High	On to Off	360 ns	RX-HG	VDD2_SWVDD=5 V, V1=5 V, VDD1=5 V,
	Gain	Off to on	720 ns	mode	PD=0 V & BP=5 V



9.0 Typical performance characteristics of TSL8029N EVB C

9.1 Receive Operation, Low Gain Mode 3.3-4.2 GHz tuned EVB C, 25°C, -40°C, 85°C, 105°C



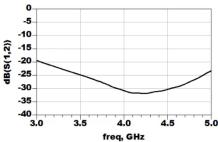


Figure 9.1.7 ANT-TX ISO vs Freq When BP=5 V and PD=0 V

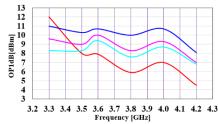


Figure 9.1.8 OP1 vs Freq

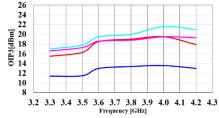
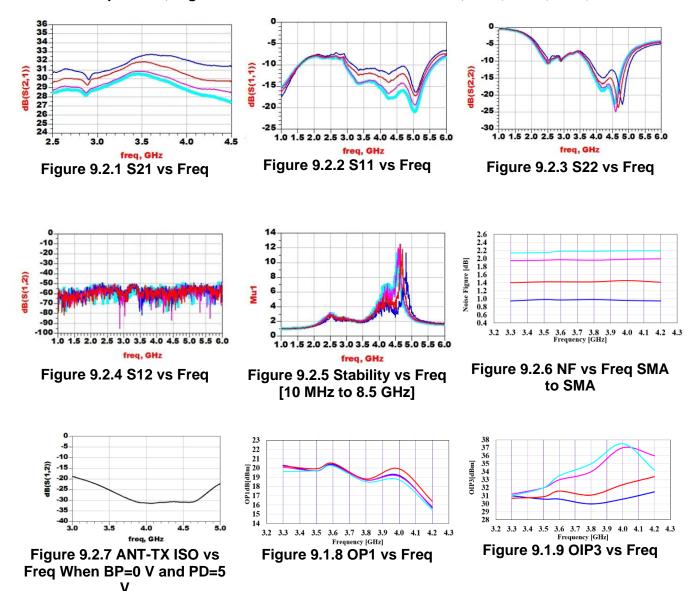


Figure 9.1.9 OIP3 vs Freq



9.2 Receive Operation, High Gain Mode 3.3-4.2 GHz tuned EVB C, 25°C, -40°C, 85°C, 105°C



-5 -10 -15

1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 4.0 4.5

Figure 9.3.3 S22 vs Freq

freq, GHz

-20 -25 -30 -35 -40



when PD=5 V and BP=0 V vs

Freq

9.3 Transmit Mode 3.3-4.2 GHz tuned EVB C, 25°C, -40°C, 85°C, 105°C

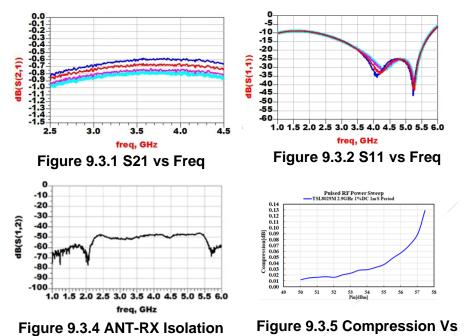


Figure 9.3.5 Compression Vs Peak Power [2.9 GHz 1% DC 1mS Period]



10.0 Evaluation Boards

10.1 2300-2700 MHz EVB A

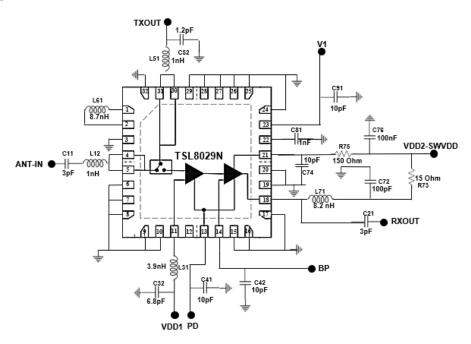


Figure 10.1.1 Schematic of the 2300-2700 MHz EVB A

Table 10.1.1 BOM of the 2300-2700MHz EVB A

Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty
C11, C21	3 pF	Murata	600S3R0BT250XT	2
L12, L51	1 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-1N0XJRW	2
L31	3.9 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-3N9XGRW	1
C32	6.8 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	1
C41, C42, C74, C91	10 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H100JB01D	4
C52	1.2 pF	Murata	600S1R2BT250XT	1
L61	8.7 nH	Coil craft	0402HP-8N7XGRW	1
L71	8.2 nH	Coil craft	0402HP-8N2XGRW	1
C72	100 pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	1
R73	15 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	1
R75	150 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	1
C76	100 nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	1
C81	1 nF	Murata	04025C102JAT2A	1
PCB	Rogers RO4350B, 20 mils, 1 oz copper			1

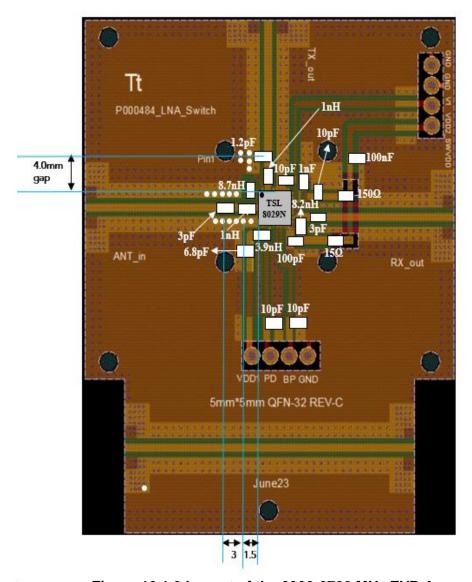


Figure 10.1.2 Layout of the 2300-2700 MHz EVB A

Note: Series cap on ANT and TX ports should have 250 V voltage ratings to handle 100 W power. The heatsink needs to be added at bottom of this board for proper power spreading.



10.2 3300-4200 MHz EVB B [HG only]

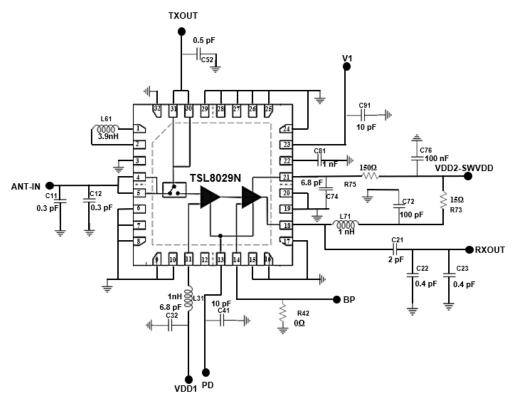


Figure 10.2.1 Schematic of the 3300-4200 MHz EVB B [HG only]

Table 10.2.1 BOM of the 3300-4200MHz EVB B [HG only]

Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty
C11, C12	0.3 pF	Murata	600S0R3BT250XT	2
C21	2 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H2R0BB01D	1
C22, C23	0.4 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1HR40BB01J	2
L31, L71	1 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-1N0XJRW	2
C32, C74	6.8 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	2
C41, C91	10 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H100JB01D	2
R42	0 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X	1
C52	0.5 pF	Murata	600S0R5BT250XT	1
L61	3.9 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-3N9XGRW	1
C72	100 pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	1
R73	15 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	1
R75	150 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	1
C76	100 nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	1
C81	1 nF	Murata	04025C102JAT2A	1
PCB		Rogers RO4350B, 20	mils, 1 oz copper	1



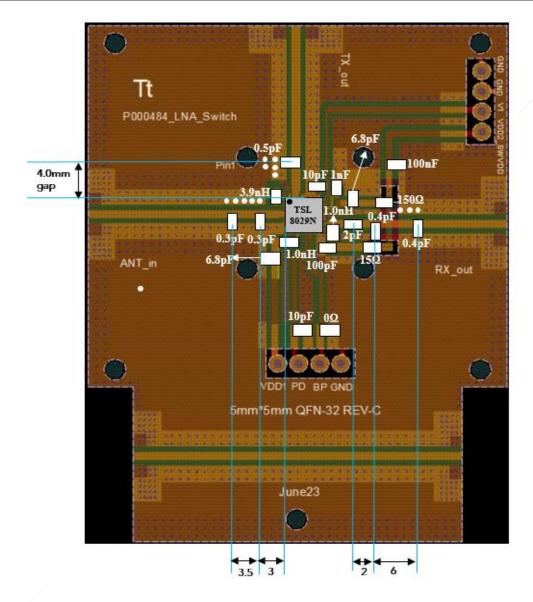


Figure 10.2.2 Layout of the 3300-4200 MHz EVB B [HG only]

Note: Series cap on ANT and TX ports should have 250 V voltage ratings to handle 100 W power. The heatsink needs to be added at bottom of this board for proper power spreading.



10.3 3300-4200 MHz EVB C

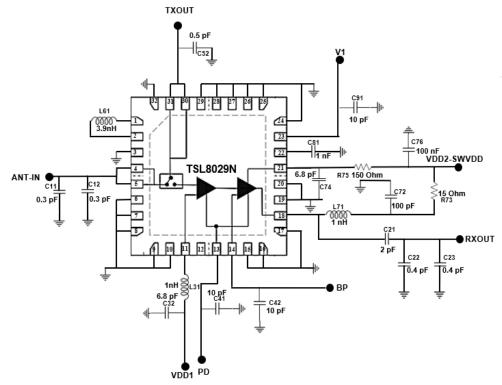


Figure 10.3.1 Schematic of the 3300-4200 MHz EVB C

Table 10.3.1 BOM of the 3300-4200 MHz EVB C

Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty
C11, C12	0.3 pF	Murata	600S0R3BT250XT	2
C21	2 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H2R0BB01D	1
C22, C23	0.4 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1HR40BB01J	2
L31, L71	1 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-1N0XJRW	2
C32, C74	6.8 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	2
C41, C42, C91	10 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H100JB01D	3
C52	0.5 pF	Murata	600S0R5BT250XT	1
L61	3.9 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-3N9XGRW	1
C72	100 pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	1
R73	15 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	1
R75	150 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	1
C76	100 nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	1
C81	1 nF	Murata	04025C102JAT2A	1
PCB	Rogers RO4350B, 20 mils, 1 oz copper		1	



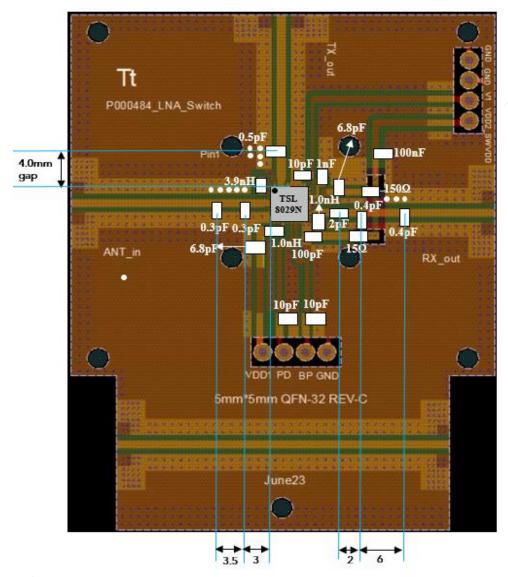


Figure 10.3.2 Layout of the 3300-4200 MHz EVB C

Note: Series cap on ANT and TX ports should have 250 V voltage ratings to handle 100 W power. The heatsink needs to be added at bottom of this board for proper power spreading.



10.4 3300-3800 MHz EVB D [HG only]

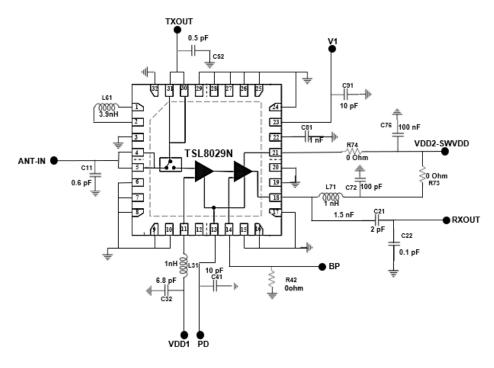


Figure 10.4.1 Schematic of the 3300-3800 MHz EVB D [HG only]

Table 10.4.1 BOM of the 3300-3800 MHz EVB D [HG only]

Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty
C11	0.6 pF	Murata	600S0R6BT250XT	1
C21	2 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H2R0BB01D	1
C22	0.1 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1HR10BB01J	1
L31, L71	1 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-1N0XJRW	2
C32	6.8 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	1
C41, C91	10 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H100JB01D	2
R42, R73, R74	0 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2GE0R00X	3
C52	0.5 pF	Murata	600S0R5BT250XT	1
L61	3.9 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-3N9XGRW	1
C72	100 pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	1
C76	100 nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	1
C81	1 nF	Murata	04025C102JAT2A	1
PCB		Rogers RO4350B, 20 mils, 1 oz copper		

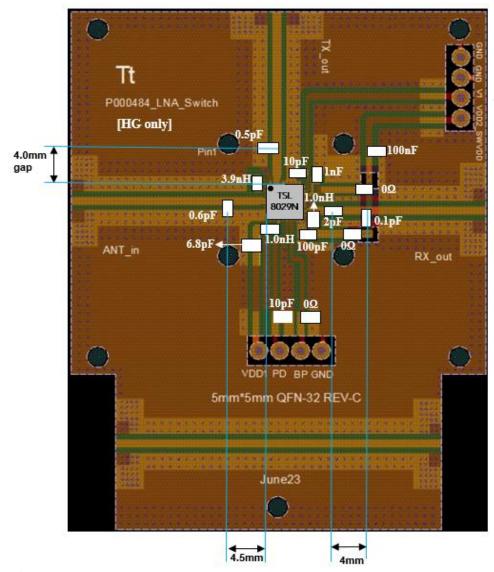


Figure 10.4.2 Layout of the 3300-3800 MHz EVB D [HG only]

Note: Series cap on ANT and TX ports should have 250 V voltage ratings to handle 100 W power. The heatsink needs to be added at bottom of this board for proper power spreading.



10.5 2900-3300 MHz EVB E

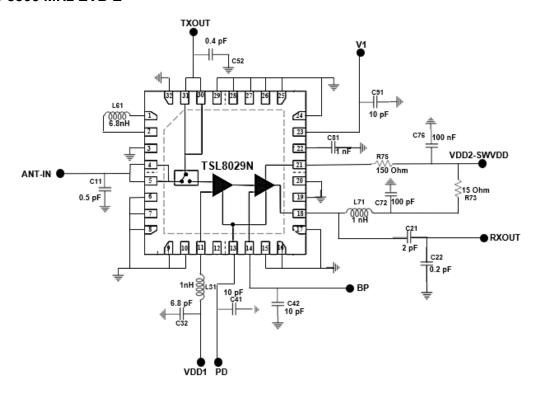


Figure 10.5.1 Schematic of the 2900-3300 MHz EVB E

Table 10.5.1 BOM of the 2900-3300 MHz EVB E

Component ID	Value	Manufacturer	Recommended Part Number	Qty
C11	0.5 pF	Murata	600S0R5BT250XT	1
C21	2 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H2R0BB01D	1
C22	0.2 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1HR20BB01J	1
L31, L71	1 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-1N0XJRW	2
C32	6.8 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H6R8BB01D	1
C41, C42, C91	10 pF	Murata	GJM1555C1H100JB01D	3
C52	0.4 pF	Murata	600S0R4BT250XT	1
L61	3.9 nH	Coil craft	0402DC-3N9XGRW	1
C72	100 pF	AVX	04025A101JAT4A	1
R73	15 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-H2RD15R0X	1
R75	150 Ω	Panasonic	ERJ-2RHD1500X	1
C76	100 nF	TDK	C1005X7R1H104K050BE	1
C81	1 nF	Murata	04025C102JAT2A	1
PCB	Rogers RO4350B, 20 mils, 1 oz copper			1

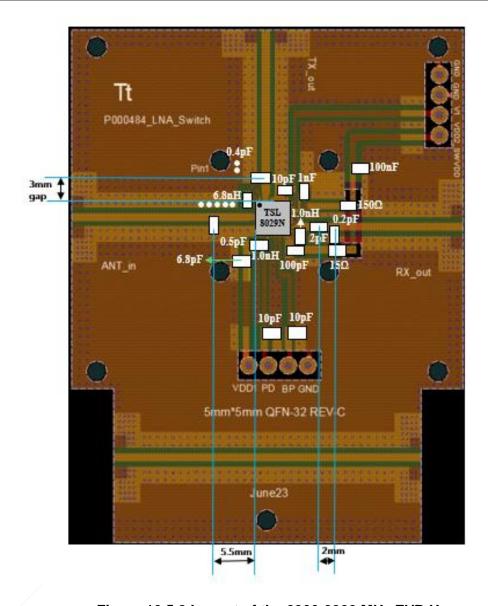


Figure 10.5.2 Layout of the 2900-3300 MHz EVB H

Note: Series cap on ANT and TX ports should have 250 V voltage ratings to handle 100 W power. The heatsink needs to be added at bottom of this board for proper power spreading.



11. Test Procedure

Biasing sequence

To properly bias the TSL8029N-EVB-C, follow these steps: Ground the Gnd test point.

- Apply bias to the VDD2_SWVDD and VDD1=5 V test points.
- Apply bias to the V1 test point.
- Apply bias to the BP test points.
- Apply bias to the PD test point.
- · Apply an RF input signal.

The TSL8029N-EVB-C is shipped fully assembled and tested. Figure 11.1 illustrates a basic test setup diagram for evaluating s-parameters in RX mode, including receive gain, transmit insertion loss and isolation, and RF input and output return losses using a network analyzer. Follow these steps to complete the test setup and verify the operation of the TSL8029N-EVB-C:

- 1. Connect the Gnd test point to the ground terminal of the power supply.
- 2. Connect the Vdd1, SWVDD and Vdd2 test points to the voltage output terminal of a 5 V supply that sources a current of approximately 90 mA in receive operation for high gain mode or 4-5 mA for power-down mode.
- 3. Connect the BP, PD, and V1 test points to the ground terminal of the power supply for high gain receive operation. The TSL8029-EVB-C can be configured in different modes by connecting the control test points to 5 V or ground, as shown in Table 7.2 and Table 7.3.
- 4. Connect a calibrated network analyzer to the ANT_in, TX_out, and RX_out SMA connectors. Sweep the frequency from 1 GHz to 6 GHz and set the power to -25 dBm.

The TSL8029N-EVB-C is expected to have a high and low receive gain of 33 dB and 14.5 dB respectively at 3.6 GHz. Refer Figure 9.2.1 to Figure 9.1.1 for the expected results.

Additional test equipment is required for a comprehensive evaluation of the device's functions and performance.

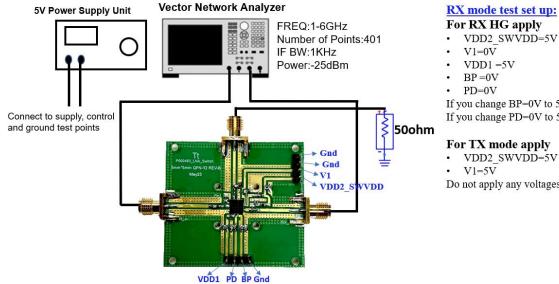
For noise figure evaluation, use either a noise figure analyzer or a spectrum analyzer with a noise option. It is recommended to use a low excess noise ratio (ENR) noise source.

For third-order intercept point evaluation, use two signal generators and a spectrum analyzer. A high isolation power combiner is recommended.

For power compression and power handling evaluations, use a two-channel power meter and a signal generator. Ensure that the input power amplifier has sufficient power capacity. Test accessories such as couplers and attenuators must also have adequate power handling capabilities.

The TSL8029N-EVB-C is equipped with a support plate attached to the bottom side. To ensure optimal heat dissipation and minimize thermal rise during high power evaluations, attach this support plate to a heat sink using thermal grease.

Please note that measurements conducted at the SMA connectors of the TSL8029N-EVB-C include the losses of the SMA connectors and the PCB. The through line should be measured to calibrate the effects of the TSL8029N-EVB-C. The through line consists of an RF input line and an RF output line that are connected to the device and have equal lengths. The through line information is provided in the EVB.



For RX HG apply

- VDD2_SWVDD=5V
- V1=0V
- VDD1 = 5V
- BP = 0V
- PD=0V

If you change BP=0V to 5V LG mode will on If you change PD=0V to 5V then PD mode will on

For TX mode apply

- VDD2_SWVDD=5V
- V1=5V

Do not apply any voltages on VDD1,BP and PD pins

Figure 11.1 TEST Set Up Diagram for RX-mode



12.0 Device Package Information

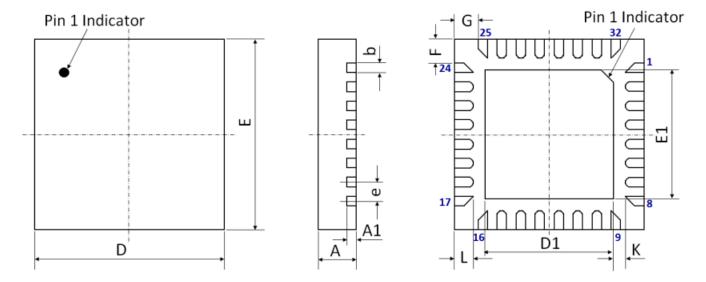


Figure 12.1 Device Package Drawing
(All dimensions are in mm)

Table 12.1 Device Package Dimensions

Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance (mm)	Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance (mm)
Α	0.85	±0.05	Е	5.00 BSC	±0.05
A1	0.203	±0.02	E1	3.2	±0.06
b	0.25	+0.05/-0.07	F	0.625	±0.05
D	5.00 BSC	±0.05	G	0.625	±0.05
D1	3.2	±0.06	L	0.40	±0.05
е	0.5 BSC	±0.05	K	0.5	±0.05

Note: Lead finish: Pure Sn without underlayer; Thickness: 7.5 μm ~ 20 μm (Typical 10 μm ~ 12 μm)

Attention:

Please refer to application notes *TN-001* and *TN-003* at http://www.tagoretech.com for PCB and soldering related guidelines.



13.0 PCB Land Design

Guidelines:

- [1] 4-layer PCB is recommended.
- [2] Via diameter is recommended to be 0.2 mm to prevent solder wicking inside the vias.
- [3] Thermal vias shall be placed on the center pad and should be filled/plugged with solder or copper.
- [4] The maximum via number for the center pad is $5(X) \times 5(Y) = 25$.

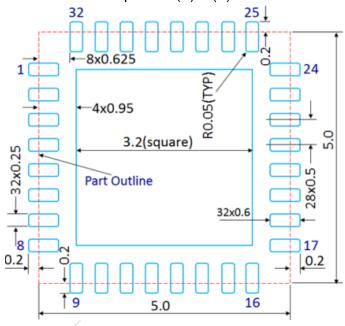


Figure 13.1 PCB Land Pattern

(Dimensions are in mm)



Non-Solder Mask Defined (Preferred)

Solder Mask Defined

Figure 13.2 Solder Mask Pattern

(Dimensions are in mm)

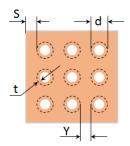


Figure 13.3 Thermal Via Pattern

(Recommended Values: S≥0.15 mm; Y≥0.20 mm; d=0.3 mm; Plating Thickness t=25 µm or 50 µm)



14.0 PCB Stencil Design

Guidelines:

- [1] Laser-cut, stainless steel stencil is recommended with electro-polished trapezoidal walls to improve the paste release.
- [2] Stencil thickness is recommended to be 125 µm.

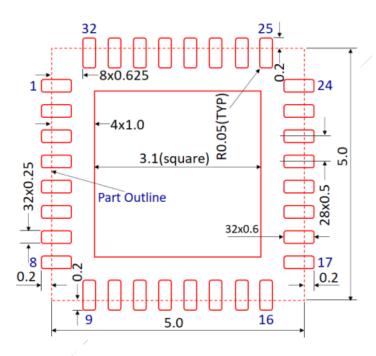


Figure 14.1 Stencil Openings (Dimensions are in mm)

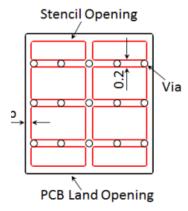


Figure 14.2 Stencil Openings Shall not Cover Via Areas If Possible (Dimensions are in mm)



15.0 Tape and Reel Information

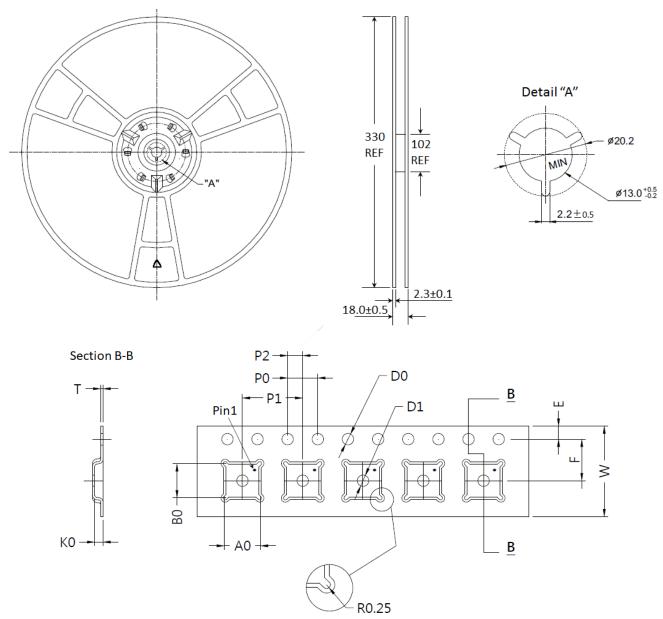


Figure 15.1 Tape and Reel Drawing

Table 15.1 Tape and Reel Dimensions

Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance (mm)	Dimension (mm)	Value (mm)	Tolerance (mm)
A0	5.35	±0.10	K0	1.10	±0.10
В0	5.35	±0.10	P0	4.00	±0.10
D0	1.50	+0.10/-0.00	P1	8.00	±0.10
D1	1.50	+0.10/-0.00	P2	2.00	±0.05
E	1.75	±0.10	Т	0.30	±0.05
F	5.50	±0.05	W	12.00	±0.30



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